

# AGC's 2019-2020 FAST Act Reauthorization Recommendations

# ✓ Increase Highway Trust Fund Revenues to Meet Present & Future Transportation Needs

Support an increase in the federal motor fuels tax of at least 25 cents per gallon, while paving a path forward on a national Vehicle Miles Traveled fee system. Other reliable, dedicated user fees must also be considered.

# ✓ Support Supplemental & Alternative Financing Sources

Such as an infrastructure bank; increased tolling (including on the interstate highway system); lifting the volume cap on private activity bonds; private investment; bonding; increased credit assistance; and loans and loan guarantees.

# ✓ Improve the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Program

Clarify the "good faith effort" and "commercially useful function" requirements; streamline DBE certification procedures; and establish one USDOT-wide definition of "small business concern."

# ✓ Prohibit Government-Mandated Project Labor Agreements on Federally-Assisted Projects

Such agreements reduce competition and are best left to voluntary negotiations between contractors and labor.

# ✓ Support Construction Workforce Needs

Provide grant funding to support FHWA's highway construction workforce development initiative.

# ✓ Reform the Environmental Permitting Process

Merge the National Environmental Policy Act and Clean Water Act Section 404 permitting processes

# ✓ Better Coordinate Transportation Construction Projects with Railroads

Authorize USDOT to establish and enforce consistent requirements, commitments, and time frames for public and private railroad owners to facilitate transportation work.

# ✓ Improve Utility Relocation Efforts on Transportation Construction Projects

Allow utility relocation to take place after a preferred alternative is identified but prior to NEPA completion

# ✓ Ensure "Buy America" Requirements are Reasonable

Allow waivers for "commercially available off-the-shelf" items to be permanently incorporated in projects

# ✓ Take a Measured Approach to Alternative Procurement Risk Shifting

Direct USDOT to adopt the Canadian P3 contract document model.

# ✓ Increase Flexibilities for Drone/Unmanned Aircraft System use on Projects

Expand state DOT flexibilities for drone use and grant USDOT authority for project waivers—which could be delegated to construction contractors—to expedite drone use.

#### ✓ Retain the Prohibition against Local Hiring Requirements

Such requirements are not the solution to workforce shortages and have detrimental impacts on current workers.

# ✓ Enact a Broad Exemption to Hours of Service Regulations for Construction Drivers

A "one-size-fits-all" approach for HOS rules to all commercial motor vehicle drivers which unnecessarily includes short-haul drivers transporting construction materials and equipment to active construction sites.

For the complete and fully explained recommendations, see AGC's Reauthorization Recommendations White Paper.